Gettysburg Compiler.

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SUMMONS COMES TO MOTHERS

LIVING IN GETTYSBURG, FAIRFIELD AND OTHER PLACES.

A Mother of Thirteen Children Passes Away in the Annie M. Warner Hospital.

Mrs. Ella M. Meals, wife of John W. Meals, died at her home on Carlisle street Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock after a protracted illness aged 50 years, 2 months and 22 days. Mrs. Meals was the oldest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William D. Bream. For a number of years the family lived on their farm several miles north of town, moving to Gettysburg about ten years ago. She had many friends who held her in highest esteem. Funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon by Dr. J. B. Baker, pastor of St. James Lutheran Church, of which she was a member, and interment was made in Evergreen Cemetery. She leaves besides her husband, one daughter, Miss Ruth A. Meals; three brothers, Harry C. Bream, of Carlisle; John W. Bream, of New Oxford; Prof. Edward F. Bream, of Elizabeth, N. J.; and three sisters, Mrs. J. Edward Ruth, of Columbia; Mrs. Norman Storrick, Gettysburg; Mrs. G. L. McCarrian, of Baltimore.

Mrs. Joseph Leister, of Two Taverns, mother of thirteen children, died on her fiftieth birthday anniversary in the Annie M. Warner Hospital, Gettysburg, early Tuesday morning. Mrs. Leister, before her marriage was Miss Emma Jane Wolf, and lived her entire life in the county. Two weeks ago she was taken to the hospital suffering from internal trouble. Owing to her condition no operation could be performed although she was taken there for that purpose. She leaves her mother, Mrs. Joseph Wolf, of Littlestown; her husband, Joseph Leister, of Two Taverns; and thirteen children, Mrs. Murray Mull, of York; Mrs. Dora Bollinger, of Greenmount; John Leister, of near Harney; Homer Leister, of Schwartz's School House, near Hanover, Howard Leister, of York, Mrs. Maud Strickhouser, between Gettysburg and Littlestown; Mrs. Ada Bloom, of York; Miss Hulda Leister, of Littlestown; Grace, Pauline, Helen, Edna and Wilbur Leister, at home. Three brothers, Harry Wolf, of Harney; Albert Wolf, of near Harney; and Walter Wolf, of Philadelphia, two sisters, Mrs. Wesley G. Wolfert, of Littlestown, and Mrs. Leonard Collins, of near Two Taverns, also survive her. Funeral was held on Thursday with services in St. John's Lutheran Church, conducted by Rev. J. M. Lau and interment in adjoining cemetery.

Louis Dull, life-long resident of Menallen township and veteran of the Civil War, died Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of his son, Thomas D. Dull, with whom he has made his home since the death of his wife six years ago. Four months ago Mr. Dull was stricken with apoplexy from which he never recovered and which was the direct cause of his death. He was aged 80 years, 9 months and 1 day. He was the last surviving member of the family of David and Elizabeth Dull, Menallen township. He leaves one son, Thomas D. Dull. He served as a member of the 165th Pennsylvania Infantry in in the Civil War. He was a member of the Lutheran Church at Bendersville, serving in the offices of the church. The funeral was on Thursday morning with services by Rev. W. D. E. Scott, his pastor, and interment in Bendersville.

Mrs. Elenore Eicholtz, wife of Amos S. Eicholtz, of Dillsburg, died at the Carlisle Hospital Wednesday following an operation, aged 59 years, 10 months and 16 days. Her husband and the following children survive: Mrs. William Murtorf, of Mt. Holly Springs, and Mrs. Charles Shultz, of Dillsburg. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thaddeus Chronister, of near Round Hill, York Springs, R. D. The following brothers and sisters also survive: Mrs. Charles Erb, of Round Hill; George Chronister, of Biglerville, R. D.; Mrs. Albert Hershey, of Abbottstown; Bertha Chronister, of Center Hall, York county; and Nora Chronister, of Centre Square. Funeral services were on Saturday with interment at Dillsburg.

John Carbaugh died at the home of his son, John A. Carbaugh, in York. Until last Saturday he was able to be about the house, and only took his bed on that day. Mr. Carbaugh was aged 93 years, 4 months and 24 days. He is survived by two sons and one daughter, John Carbaugh, at whose home he died; William Henry Carbaugh, of New Oxford; and Sara G. Carbaugh, of Hanover. He was a native of New Oxford, to which place the body was taken Friday morning. For the past six months he had made his home with his son in York. Prior to the he lived with his daughter Sarah. He was a veteran of the Civil War. In his earlier life he was a pioneer brick manufacturer at Berlin Junction, opening the Carbaugh clay deposits there. Later he sold the business to his son, William, who operated it until recently. He was a well known to many and was of a remarkably hardy constitution having survived recently a severe operation. The funeral took place Friday and body was taken to New Oxford where high mass of requiem was held in the Church of the Immaculate Conception and interment in the Catholic Cemetery.

Mrs. Clark Marshall died on Thursday morning at her home in Fairfield aged nearly 67 years. Mrs. Marshall, who was a life long resident of that section of Adams county, and was highly respected by all who knew her, is survived by her husband and the following sons and daughters: Mrs. Harry Shryock, of Waynesboro; Mrs. Sabina Lee, of Virginia; Mrs. Alice Weaver, of Hunterstown; Robert Marshall, of Ohio; and James Marshall, of near Fairfield. A sister, Mrs. James Cunningham, Fairfield, also survives her.

Mrs. Catherine Barbara Menchey, widow of the late Ephraim Menchey, died Wednesday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Obadiah Harner, Germany township, after a few days' illness from appendicitis. She was aged 91 years, 3 months and 17 days, and is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Harner, with whom she made her home, and one son, Henry Menchey, of Littlestown; also a brother, Rufus Rohrbaugh, of the same place. Funeral was to-day, Saturday, with services in St. John's Lutheran Church, by Rev. Dr. F. S. Lindaman, and Rev. I. M. Lau, and interment in Mt. Carmel Cemetery, Littlestown.

Merl Willard DeGroft, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry DeGroft, of Sell's Station, died Tuesday aged 23 days. The parents, four brothers, Wilbur, Edgar, Irvin and Melvin, and three sisters, Hilda, Viola and Evelyn, survive. The funeral was held on Thursday with services by Rev. I. M. Lau and interment in Mt. Carmel Cemetery, Littlestown.

Geo. F. Geesey, former resident of near Abbottstown, died Monday afternoon at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Allen Epley, in North York, after a lingering illness of five years, from dropsy and gangrene, aged 65 years, 2 months and 9 days. He leaves the following children: Mrs. Epley, of York; J. W. Geesey, of near Hampton; Mrs. Albert Menecklick, Mrs. Harvey Myers and Geo. H. Geesey, of Thomasville. The following brothers and sisters also survive: John, of New Oxford; Leander, of York; and Mrs. Wm. Parr, of Littlestown. The funeral was held Wednesday with services in the Abbottstown Lutheran Church by Revs. Kreiner and Glatfelter.

Abner Marks, formerly of Round Hill, died Monday at the home of Edw. Trimmer, Gettysburg, where he had been living for some time. He was aged 77 years and leaves one son Francis Marks, of Round Hill, and one daughter, Mrs. Thomas Paxton, of near York Springs; a sister, Mrs. George Stallsmith, of Straban township, and a brother, Hiram Marks, of Hellertsburg.

Nathan W. Zeigler, a Dillsburg farmer, died at the Harrisburg Hospital Monday morning of this week from injuries sustained on Friday of last week when a tractor fell on him fracturing his skull and other injuries. Mr. Ziegler was crossing a deep gutter with the tractor to which a harrow and roller were attached. In going out of the ditch and up a steep incline he opened wide the throttle and the sudden jerk combined with the weight of the two implements caused the tractor to turn turtle. Mr. Zeigler was pinned beneath the machine and harrow. His son, Myrl, witnessed the accident and ran to a neighbors and secured some help to release his father. The father was taken to the Harrisburg Hospital where upon examination his injuries were found to be a fractured skull and other injuries. In hopes of saving his life an operation was performed Saturday last. He rallied after the operation and seemed to improve until Sunday afternoon when he took a turn for the worse. Nathan W. Zeigler was well known in York Springs having resided here for four years while carrying the mail between that place and Dillsburg. The funeral was held on Thursday with interment in the Dillsburg Cemetery. He was aged about 40 years and is survived by his wife and two sons.

Rev. Dr. Adam Martin, former professor of modern languages at Gettysburg College, died in New Haven, Conn., last Wednesday. He was in his 86th year. Educated at Hamilton College, where he was graduated in the class of '58, of which he was the last survivor, and later at Hartwick Theoelogical Seminary. His early years were spent in educational work. He was at one time president of Northwestern College at Watertown, and afterwards was professor of modern languages at Pennsylvania College. Retiring from this professorship in Gettysburg after 30 years of service, in 1898, he made his home thereafter in New Haven, where he spent the remainder of his life in his private studies. He is survived bya widow and one son, Sanford B. Martin, of New Haven.

PREVENT FOREST FIRES—IT PAYS.

AUTO ACCIDENT IS FATAL

TWO MEN DIE FROM INJURIES RECEIVED.

Accident Took Place a Short Distance South of Littlestown at a Cross Road.

Daniel Moses, aged 46 years, of Baltimore, and Morris Greenwalt, aged 50 years, also of Baltimore, died Sunday night of injuries received in an automobile accident three miles south of Littlestown on the state road, at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Moses and Mrs. Greenewalt are both in Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, suffering injuries. Mrs Moses received a fractured arm and Mrs. Greenewalt is severely bruised about the head and body.

Mr. Moses died in the office of Dr. G. Lewis Wentzell, Silver Run, a few minutes after he was carried there, of internal injuries, and Mr. Greenewalt died in the Annie M. Warner Hospital a few minutes after being admitted with a fractured skull. Both are wealthy business men of Baltimore.

Dr. Greenewalt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Greenewalt, who was driving the car, escaped with minor injuries.

The accident occurred about midway between Littlestown and Silver Run, when Grenewalt's car, a large Oldsmobile approached a cross road and to avoid a collision with a Ford coming from the side road, a swerve was made, with the result that the Oldsmobile turned over three times before stopping. Clarence Brechtel, of Silver Run, was driving the Ford and escaped injury. The Baltimore people were driving to Gettysburg.

Annual District S. S. Conventions.

Luther Lady, formerly of Arendtsville, now associated with the State Sunday School Association, has been assigned to Adams county for the entire month of June and will be present at each of the annual district conventions to be held as follows:

June 5, Sunday afternoon and evening, 3rd District at Grace Lutheran Church, Two Taverns.

June 15, Wednesday afternoon and evening, 6th District at Bender's Church.

June 17, Friday afternoon and evening, 2nd District, Reformed Church, Fairfield.

June 19, Sunday afternoon and evening, 1st District at McCurdy's School.

June 25, Saturday afternoon and evening, 4th District at Hampton.

The conference for all the district and county officers and department superintendents will be held on Sunday, June 26, at 2 o'clock P. M. in the Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg.

The county officers have completed their tour of the entire county with the exception of the sixth district, which meeting will be held in Arendtsville on the evening of Tuesday, May 31st.

Kiddies Club Commencement.

The Kiddies Club, organized and conducted by Miss Henrietta Hersh and Miss Amelia Butt, in the small school building on High street, held "commencement exercises" on Friday morning. The program consisted of dances and songs and the crowning of the May Queen, Anna Katherine Mosser was crowned queen and the thirteen other kiddies formed a royal court. Six members of the class will enter public school in the fall. It is likely the Kiddies Club will be opened again in October.

Fine Display by H. S. Boys.

The furniture display by the boys of the High School Manual Training Department, in the store room in the Troxell building, Baltimore St., is attracting many visitors. The boys have made porch swings, library tables, clothes trees, piano benches and tabourets and the skill with which they have been built reflects great credit on that department as well as upon the builders.

Fire Bug at Work.

Fire of incendiary origin completely destroyed the barn on the small farm of Mrs. John Wineman three miles west of Gettysburg, in Cumberland township, early Sunday morning. The house on the farm was also set on fire, but the flames were discovered and extinguished.

Fire had been started under the staircase in a pile of oiled straw. The fire fighters discovered a pile of straw saturated with kerosene in every room in the house. It is evident the fire in the house had been started only a few minutes before. The farm house was not occupied, but the land is being tilled by Chas. Brown, a brother of Mrs. Wineman. It is estimated the loss will amount to approximately $1000. A quantity of hay and farm implements were burned.

Pen-Mar to Open May 30.

Pen-Mar Park will be open on Monday, May 30, preliminary to the regular seson which starts somewhat later, for the benefit of folks who want to spend Decoration Day there. Excursions will be run from Pennsylvania, Maryland and West Virginia for that day.

1921 OPEN GAME SEASON

LEGISLATURE HAS MADE A NUMBER OF CHANGES.

The Regulations to be Observed This Year Are Contained in the Following Summary.

The following summary gives the open seasons for the State at large and does not apply to counties that may be closed. The open season includes both dates given and number one person can kill.

Bear, one each season, three to one camp or body of men. Nov. 1st to Dec. 15th. Steel traps, dead falls and pens forbidden. Single bullets only.

Blackbirds, Unlimited. Aug. 1st to Nov. 30th.

Deer, male with horns four inches above the skull. One each season, six to one camp or body of men. Single bullet only.

Elk, absolutely protected until November, 1923.

Hare, (Snowshoes). Three in one day, fifteen in one season. Nov. 1st to Dec. 15th. Use of traps forbidden.

Pheasant, Ringneck, (English, Chinese and Mongolian). Three in one day, six in one season. November 1st to November 30th.

Plover, Upland or Grass. Unlimited. Under treaty with Canada these birds protected till Dec. 7, 1926.

Quail commonly called Virginia Partridge, and Gambel Quail. Eight in one day, twenty-five in one season. Nov. 1st to Nov. 30th.

Quail, Hungarian, Four in one day, ten in one season. Nov. 1st to Nov. 30th.

Rabbits. Five in one day, forty in one season. Nov. 1st to Dec. 15th. Traps forbidden, except residents under 14 may use box traps on lands whereon they reside.

Raccoon: Unlimited. Oct. 1st to Jan. 31st.

Rails. Unlimited. Sept. 1st to Nov. 30th.

Reed-Birds. Unlimited. Sept. 1st to Oct. 30th.

Ruffed Grouse, commonly called pheasant. Three in one day, fifteen in one season. Nov. 1st to Nov. 30th.

Shore Birds excepting Blackbreasted and Golden Plover, Jack Snipe and Woodcock. Protected under a Treaty with Canada till after Dec. 7, 1926.

Snipe, Jack or Wilson. Unlimited. (Federal Daily Bag limit, Twenty five). Sept. 16th to Nov. 30th.

Squirrels, Black, Fox or Gray. Six of combined kinds in one day, twenty in one season. Nov. 1st to Nov. 30th.

Squirrels, Red or Pine. Unlimited. Nov. 1st to Aug. 15th.

Water Fowl, Webfooted Wild. Unlimited. (Federal Daily Bag limit, 25 Ducks, 8 Geese, 8 Brant.) Sept. 16th to Dec. 31st.

Wild Turkeys. One each season. Nov. 1st to Nov. 30th.

Woodcock. Six in one day, twenty in one season. Oct. 1st to Nov. 30th.

No Quail commonly called Virginia Partridge, or Garbel Quail, or Ruffed Grouse, or Wild Turkey, or Woodcock, may be either bought or sold in Pennsylvania, no difference where killed. No Deer, or Wild Rabbit, or Hare, or Gray or Black, or Fox Squirrel, or Ring-necked Pheasant or Hungarian Quail, or any part of such birds or animals, that have been caught, taken or killed in a wild state in this Commonwealth may be bought or sold at any time. Migratory game birds cannot be legally bought or sold except for propagating purposes under a special permit from the Department of Agriculture, Washington.

Under an order of the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States Reed-Birds may be killed during the time stated, but cannot be sold at any time.

Neither Water Fowl nor any other migratory game may be sold at any time under the National Law. Spring shooting is absolutely prohibited.

Game of no kind, except Raccoons, can be legally killed from sunset of one day to sunrise of the day following.

It is illegal to ship by parcel post game of any kind killed in this Commonwealth.

Game when carried from one point to another point in the State, either by train or otherwise, must be accompanied by the owner thereof, and MUST BE CARRIED OPENLY, where the same may be easily inspected; or when inclosed in baggage or package, and accompanied as above, MUST BE SO MARKED AS TO DESIGNATE CLEARLY THE GAME CONTENTS of such piece of baggage, with the name of the owner and the county wherein killed. Small game killed in this Commonwealth CANNOT therefore BE SHIPPED BY EXPRESS, FREIGHT OR BAGGAGE WITHOUT ACCOMPANYING SAME at all times. Large game may be shipped by express or freight either cut up or otherwise, without accompanying same, IF PROPERLY MARKED AS ABOVE for small game.

No game of any kind, or part thereof, can be legally carried, or in any manner removed out of the state, except by those who have secured a non-resident hunter's license, and then only one day's kill.

The Blue Jay, English Sparrow, European Starling, Kingfisher, Buzzard, Goshawk, Sharp-shinned Hawk, Coopers Hawk, Red-tailed Hawk, Red-shouldered Hawk, Broadwinged Hawk, Marsh Hawk, Rough-legged Hawk, Duck Hawk, Pigeon Hawk, Barred Owl, Great Gray Owl, Great Horned Owl, Snowy Owl, Hawk Owl, Raven, Crow, Blue Heron, Green Heron, Night Heron, Oppossum, Woodchuck or Ground Hog, Wild Cat, Fox, Mink and Weasel, may be killed at any time with or without a Resident Hunter's License.

Bounties: Wild Cat, $8.00 Fox $2.00; Weasel $1.50; Mink, $1.00; all paid through office of Game Commission, Bounty Division, Harrisburg, Pa. Send your affidavit along with the entire pelt. Do not send the body of the animal.

MARRIAGES.

Bishop—Keckler.—Miss Beulah V. Keckler, of Gettysburg, and Mervin B. Bishop, of Freedom township, were married in Frederick at two o'clock Saturday afternoon by Rev. William R. Glen, former pastor of the bride. The ring ceremony was used. Mrs. Bishop graduated from Gettysburg High School in 1909 and later attended the Cumberland Valley State Normal School. Subsequent to that time she taught school for a number of years in Cumberland township. They will reside in Freedom township where the bridegroom farms.

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Linn—Jacobs.—Glenn Roy Linn, son of Edward Linn, of Emmitsburg, Maryland, and Marguerite Naomi Jacobs, Cumberland township, were united in marriage by Rev. L. K. Young, at the parsonage of the Mt. Joy Lutheran Church, Thursday evening, at 7.30 o'clock.

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Wolf—Kepner.—J. Lloyd Wolf, son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Wolf, of New Oxford, and Miss Carrie Kepner, daughter of Mrs. Henry Aitland, of Spring Grove, were married on Tuesday morning at the bride's home by the Rev. Welsh, Reformed minister of Spring Grove. The young couble are now visiting in Pittsburgh. For the present they will reside at their respective homes. Mr. Wolf is employed as a painter by E. E. Ditenhafer.

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Grimm — Condon. — Margaret A. Condon, aged 27, and Lloyd W. Grimm, aged 60, both of Mt. Airy, Md., were married by Dr. J. B. Baker in St. James parsonage, Gettysburg, on Thursday. Mr. Grimm has been a widower since 1915 while his bride was divorced from her first husband in 1910.

Forestry Scholarship.

A free education in forestry is offered the young men of Pennsylvania by the State Department of Forestry. Gifford Pinchot the Chief Forester, today announced that competitive examinations will be held June 16 and 17, at Harrisburg, for free scholarships to the State Forest Academy, at Mont Alto. The ten highest men will be appointed to the Forest Academy where they will begin their study of Forestry next September. A further test of six week's work will be given on one of the State Forests. Young men between the ages of 18 and 25 who have completed a four year's high school course and who have had experience in farming, lumbering, surveying and other forms of outdoor work, are particularly desired. The scholarships provide free tuition, board, room and laundry. Upon successful completion of the course, which includes thorough and practical training, a degree in forestry will be awarded. Information about the State Forest Academy and application blanks for the examination, may be had by writing to E. A. Ziegler, Director, Pennsylvania State Forest Academy, Mont Alto, Pa.

Political Calendar.

July 2—First legal date to obtain signatures to nomination petitions for judicial candidates and for delegates to the constitutional convention, to be filed with the secretary of the commonwealth.

July 12—First legal date to obtain signatures to nomination petitions for county, city, borough and township officers, to be filed with county commissioners.

July 19 and 20—Registry assessors in boroughs and townships sit at polling places to register and enroll persons not registered and enrolled.

August 11—Last day to file petitions of nomination for judicial offices and for delegates to the constitutional convention with the secretary of the commonwealth.

August 23—Last day to file petitions for county and local offices with county commissioners.

Will Wed Before Going to India.

Announcement has been made that the Rev. Luther A. Gotwald who was graduated at the Seminary last week, will be married on July 26th, to Miss Ethel Baer of Morgantown, W. Va. Rev. Mr. Gotwald has decided to take up work in the Foreign Field and has been assigned to the Lutheran Mission at Guntur, India. Rev. Gotwald is the elder son of Dr. and Mrs. Frederick Gotwald of York. Miss Baer is well known here also as she graduated from Gettysburg College with the Class of 1918.

Resigns after Eighteen Years Service

Paul A. Martin, discount clerk at the Citizens rust Co. has notified the Board of Directors that he will resign his position on June 30th. Mr. Martin has been a member of the Trust Company force for the past eighteen years. After July 1st, he will evote his entire time to the bond business.

PERSONAL POINTS OF VIEW

COMINGS AND GOINGS INTO AND OUT OF THE TOWN.

Social and Other Individual Happenings and Other Local Items of Interest.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. B. Martin and son William, Lincoln avenue, spent the week end with A. W. Cole and family at their home in Buchanan Valley.

—Charles McNair and Miss Mary McNair, of Emmitsburg, visited friends in town last Wednesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Weaver attended the Knight Templar conclave in Philadelphia this week, after which they went to Ashland to spend several days with Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Eenterline. They will be accompanied home by Mrs. Enterline and sons.

—Miss Ethel Cole, of Washington, D. C., spent several days recently at the home of her father, John F. Cole, in Buchanan Valley.

—S. G. Bucher, of near Mummasburg, was a business visitor in town on Friday.

—Mrs. W. S. Mellinger, of Leetonia, O., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Mark Bream, Carlisle St.

—Miss Anne Gilliland, Carlisle St., is spending three weeks with her sister, Mrs. Walter Morris, at Punxsutawney.

—Mrs. Harry Rupp, East Middle street, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rupp at Hagerstown.

—Al. McCullough, who is with Barnum & Bailey Circus, spent a short time last week with his mother, Mrs. Sarah McCullough, E. Middle street.

—Miss Ruth Stallsmith has returned to her home on Broadway after spending the past year at Sullins College, Bristol, Va.

—Robbin Wolf, Esq., of Pittsburgh visited among friends here last Thursday.

—Miss Alice Herrick has returned to her home in Carlisle after a visit with Prof. and Mrs. Guile W. Lefevre, York street.

—Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Baker have returned to their home at Maytown, Lancaster county, after spending Seminary Commencement Week as the guests of Mrs. Emma J. Stahle, at her home on Carlisle street. Rev. Ralph Baker, son of Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Baker, was a member of the graduating class at the Seminary.

—Miss Elizabeth Evans, of Beechwood Seminary, Jenkintown, is spending Memorial Day at her home on North Stratton street. She is accompanied by two school friends, Miss Shuttleworth and Miss Pose, of Clarksburg, W. Va.

—Rev. and Mrs. Harry Daniels, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Solt, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Leas, of town, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Jacobs, of near Mummasburg, and Chas. Raffensperger and Miss Pearl Rice, of Arendtsville were among those who attended the Knight Templar Conclave in Philadelphia this week.

—Wm. E. Biddle has purchased the Cassatt property, Hanover street, for $3,000.

—The Gettysburg Red Cross took up the case of Charles Foster who arrived in town last week with his two young daughters, having walked from Luzerne county, and have gotten the father a job and a home for himself and babies.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Johns have returned from a visit with Rev. and Mrs. Harold Wolf at Mt. Carmel, Pa.

—Miss Maybelle Weaver, Chambersburg street, has returned from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Bartholomew Allen at New Castle, Delaware.

—Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Anderson and son of New Kensington, Pa., are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. J. Wm. Kendlehart, West Middle street.

—Harold Creager, West Middle street, a student at the Seminary has gone to Gary, Indiana, where he will engage in Home Mission work during the summer.

—Mrs. Rudolph Schick of Philadelphia was the guest of Mrs. J. R. Dickson, Baltimore street, this week.

—J. Reid McCullough and family of Washington, D. C., motored to Gettysburg on Thursday. They will visit relatives here and at Greenmount over Memorial Day.

—Mrs. George Brinkerhoff and daughter and H. S. Brinkerhoff of Washington are visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Brinkerhoff, Baltimore street.

—Mrs. Fletcher Steel of Baltimore is visiting her mother, Mrs. Duttera, Baltimore street.

—Mrs. Otis Morse and son have returned to their home in York after a visit with Mrs. W. C. Sheely Springs avenue.

Pension Increased.

Hiram Junkins, of York Springs, Adams county, who served in Company C, 101st Pennsylvania infantry, is granted an increase from $50 to $72, dating from March 17 last.

PREVENT FOREST FIRES—IT PAYS.

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GETTYSBURG, PA., MAY 28, 1921.

Wm. Arch. McClean .....Editor

NEW MOTOR VEHICLE LAW

EFFECTING THE LIGHTS TO BE CARRIED AND DISPLAYED.

The Misuse of Registration Plates Are Punishable—Other New Regulations.

A digest of new laws affecting motor vehicles and their operation and relating to second hand dealers in motor vehicles has been issued and contains the following:

It is a misdemeanor punishable to a fine of $100 to $500 to misuse registration plates. This applies to the man who puts old plates on a new car without properly registering the transfer with the Highway Department. Section 4 provides for the issuance of an exchange transfer plus any additional fee required on account of higher classification. Section 5 revises the chassis series and fees of various classes as below outlined:

Commercial vehicles having a chasses weight of less than 2000 pounds are registered on the basis of horse-power, provided the minimum fee shall be fifteen dollars ($15)

An important section of the new Acts defines the 20 per centum of normal vision and the 2 per centum of normal hearing required in individuals seeking driver's licenses. The provision is as follows:

To possess twenty (20) per centum of normal vision one must be able with one eye to read all the letters on the line marked twenty (20) of standard test types at a distance of four (4) feet.

To possess two (2) per centum of norma hearing one must respond when addressed in a natural tone of voice by another standing one (1) foot behind.

Section 7 which amends section 13 of act 283. provides for witness fees for persons testifying in behalf of the Commonweath at hearings in cases of suspension or revocation.

Section 8 provides for the name of city, boro., town or village on signs bearing speed limits. Section 9 of the new act amends section 20 of act 273. enacted in 1919, which made such drastic provisions that if the Department had enforced them practically every motor vehicle would have been prohibited from operating on the highways of this Commonwealth at night. as there are very few devices that will meet the requirements of "no dazzling rays of light shall at a point seventy-five (75) feet or more ahead of the lamps rise more than forty-two (42) inches above the level surface on which the vehicle stands." The amendment to this section is the result of scientific study on the part of illuminating and automotive engineers, and has the approval of the Illuminating Engineers Society of America. National Auto Chamber of Commerce, American Automobile Association and other motor federations including the Penna. Motor Federation. To meet the requirements of the amendment it is necessary that motor vehicles be equipped with a type of head light device as approved by the Department, using the designated candle power bulb and adjust- and focusing the lamps as specified in the certificate of approval for the device used. The Department has issued circulars showing devices that meet the requirements of the Act, giving the candle power, bulb. focus and other adjustments necessary for full compliance with this law.

The Council of any city or boro, or the Commissioner or Supervisor of any town may establish zones in brightly lighted sections within which motor vehicles may remain standing without lights. A parking lamp is permitted when carried on the left hand side of car and showing a white light to the front and red light to the rear or on highways in districts where parking zones have not been designated.

Section 10, which amends section 23 act 283, provides for suspension or revocation of a license for a period of one year following the date of suspension or revocation of license of any person so convicted. Section 10 also fixes the maxium carrying capacity for each truck and provides penalty of one hundred dollars ($100) to two hundred dollars ($200) on summary conviction for overloading, removing or disfiguring signs on the side of a truck showing the maximum weight.

Section 12, which amends section 26 of act 283. provides that any constable or police officer or member of the State Police force or designated officer of the State Highway Department who shall be in uniform or shall exhibit his badge or other sign of authority shall have the right to stop any motor vehicle upon request or signal for the purpose of inspecting the said motor vehicle as to its equipment or manufacturer's number or motor number or weight and securing such other information as may be necessary.

Section 23, which amends section 28 or act 283, provides for the stopping and parking of vehicles or the establishment of zones in which vehicles may be parked at night without lights as provided in section 20 of this act.

WANTED—Clean White Rags at Compiler Office.

COL. HARVEY RUNS U. S.

TELLING FROM LONDON WHAT U. S. WILL OR WILL NOT DO.

America Given a Daub that Makes Her Look Like as Without Ideals.

Colonel George Harvey, President Harding's Ambassador to Great Britain made a blunt dictatorial speech in London on May 19 at a public dinner declaring what the attitude of the Administration will be on the Treaty of Peace. Among other things he said

"Nothing could be more futile, more delusive or more mischievous than to pretend that, however deep and true may be our effection for the mother country, our proffer of the helping hand is attributable primarily to tender susceptibility. It is not. My country stands ready to work with yours, first, because it is to her own interest to do so, and, secondly, because it is to the advantage of both.

"We do not resent being called idealists, even as sometimes happens, by those who anticipate a reward for extolling our altruism, but we have come to realize quite sharply during the last few years that ideals only too often resolve into illusions, and illusions we have found to be both dangerous and profitless. When the man in the fable drove into the well to seize the mirrored moon he succeeded only in drowning himself without disturbing in the least the placid progress of the smiling queen of night. We deceive ourselves occasionally of course—pray, who does not—but generally to our own amusement, just as other folks delight in calling one another names, but do not encourage the practice on the part of outsiders.

"Even to this day at rare intervals an ebullient sophomore seeks applause and wins a smile by shouting that 'We won the war!' Far more prevalent until recently was the impression—and this was and still is in a measure sincere—that we went into the war to rescue humanity from all kinds of menancing perils. Not a few remain convinced that we sent our young soldiers across the sea to save this kingdom and France and Italy. This is not the fact. We sent them solely to save the United States of America, and most reluctantly and laggardly. At that we were not too proud to fight, whatever that may mean. We were not afraid to fight. That is the real truth of the matter, and so we came along toward the end and helped you and your allies to shorten the war. That is all we did and all we claim to have done.

"I wish to make one point wholly clear. There still seems to linger in the minds of many here, as, indeed, of a few at home, the impression that in some way or other, by hook or by crook, unwittingly and surely unwillingly, the United States may be beguiled into the League of Nations. Now let me show you how utterly absurd any such notion is. I need not recall the long contest waged between the two branches of our Government over this proposal. I need hardly mention that the conflict became so sharp that even the treaty went by the board, to the end that today, paradoxically enough, America continues to be technically at war, but actually at peace, while Europe is nominally at peace, but. according to all reports, not wholly free from the clash of arms.

"Finally, as you know, the question of America's participation in the league came before people and the people decided against it by a majority of 7,000,000 out of a total vote of 25,000,000. Prior to that election there had been much discussion of the real meaning of the word mandate. There has been little since a single example privided the definition. A majority of 7,000,000 clearly conveyed a mandate that could neither be misunderstood nor disregarded.

"Anybody could see that it follows then inevitably and irresistibly that our present Government could not without betrayal of its creators and masters and will not, I can assure you, have anything whatsoever to do with the League or with any commission or committee appointed by it or responsible to it, directly or indirectly, openly or furtively. I raise no question as to the merits or demerits of the proposition. I simply state the fact as such in compliance with what I have. indicated as the paramount necessity of squarely facing living realities and shaping our course accordingly. I need hardly add that my Government would not dream of criticizing much less of objecting to the League as now constituted of other nations. I wish only to dispose definitely and finally of the strangely prevalent and utterly baseless opposition respecting the attitude of the United States of America."

Is it any wonder after this exhibition that Democratic members of Congress presented in the House a resolution asking the Secretary of State whether Col. Harding spoke authoritatively.

Will Harding ever arrive at a point where he will speak his own mind, or will there always be mouth pieces, one Harvey, talking as above indicated and the other like Vice President Coolidge, declaring that Harding's election was not a mandate against a treaty for world peace and to make an end of war.

Hunger Vanished.

While dining with my girl friend one evening her parents had a friendly little quarrel about the traits that their daughter inherited from each, and the father, who was rather an ugly man, said, "Well, beauty from me anyway."

And speaking before I thought I chimed in, "I should say not."

My hunger vanished and I felt like following its example.—Chicago Tribune.

GERMANS DEFEAT POLES IN SILESIA

Two Columns Advance in Grossteiner Forest, Capturing Field and Machine Guns.

CLASHES IN OTHER PLACES

Fighting Continues in Rosenberg, Kreuzberg, Ratibor and Krappitz Areas—Seeking Also Control of Beuthen and Gleiwitz.

London.—The first real operation of war during the Polish insurrection in Upper Silesia occurred when Germans attacked in the Grossteiner forest, according to a dispatch to the London Times from Ratibor. The correspondent followed the Germans and says they attacked in two columns, one from Lowietsko and the other from Krappitz and Gogolin.

The Poles left their position hurriedly. Near Gogolin four field guns and eight machine guns and 150 rifles were captured.

The correspondent said the Germans were re-enforcing their positions and intended to continue the attack.

A dispatch to the London Times from Oppeln says incessant fighting, with numerous casualties, continues between Polish insurgents and Germans in the Rosenberg, Kreuzburg, Ratibor and Krappitz areas.

The correspondent motored through the Polish lines, where he saw new troops and artillery and other equipment. He says that Adelbert Korfanty's proclamation to the Polish chiefs about disarmament and withdrawal is considered either a joke or a clever diplomatic move.

The Germans, says the correspondent. have been re-enforced. They have artillery and a large quantity of revolvers and about one rifle to each two men.

Berlin.—A dispatch from a German source at Oppeln says that Polish reenforcements have crossed the frontier into Upper Silesia and that there was severe fighting in the neighborhood of Rosenberg. The insurgents were obliged to evacuate several villages.

Polish Insurgent Headquarters, Upper Silesia.—Apart from intense resentment at the British premier's speech the impasse in the insurgent area has undergone no marked change since the "armistice" with the Plebiscite commission. There is no indication that the allied commissioners will unite in sanctioning the demarkation line which was provisionally traced May 10 by General Lebrantes, the French chief commander.

Asked whether he was planning to proclaim an independent state. Korfanty refused to commit himself. However. the conviction is openly expressed by Korfanty's staff that Korfanty may be forced to resort to this solution unless the entente decides otherwise immediately. While the rebellion started primarily as a racial outburst against German domination. the insurgent authorities face social chaos if normalcy is not restored. in the opinion of headquarters.

Severe measures to force the Upper Silesia railroad authorities to compromise with the insurgents are being applied by the city of Kattowitz. which for three days has been hermetically sealed by the rebels. Only persons in possession of special passes are allowed to leave or enter. There is a bread, meat and milk famine.

According to Korfanty. the railroad will be paralyzed as long as the cities of Kattowitz. Beuthen and Gleiwitz are beyond insurgent control. The commander-in-chief of the insurgents. Doliwa. is understood to have told Korfanty that these cities must be occupied despite the French troops unless the latter consent to share railroad control. Another demand of the insurgents is for control of the Kreuzberg line and the Ratibor-Bogumin stretch of the Oder railway.

Thousands of carloads of coal awaiting shipment to Germany. Austria and Italy are congesting yards. No effort has been made by the Interallied Commission to help restore traffic. it is alleged. With the mines working virtually at full force. the country will shortly be clogged with unexported coal.

MINGO UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Governor Morgan Proclaims County in Insurrection.

Williamson. W. Va.—Mingo County has been declared in a state of insurrection and martial law has been put into effect through a proclamation issued by Governor Morgan of West Virginia. Adjutant General Thomas B. Davis arrived here. and bearing the governor's mandate under executive designation took supreme command of the campaign to restore a reign of law.

MATERNITY BILL REPORTED

Favorable Action by Senate Is Expected Soon.

Washington.—The Sheppard bill for the public protection of maternity and infancy was favorably reported by the Senate Committee on Education and Labor. Its passage is regarded as certain. Many organizations of women have supported the bill. They have opened headquarters here.

The bill carries an appropriation of $1,000,000 to be distributed among the states.

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM

tobacco makes 50 good cigarettes for 10c

The American Tobacco Co.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the 22nd day of June, 1921, by Samuel H. Musselman, Ivan Z. Musselman and Samuel Z. Musselman under the provisons of an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th., 1874, and the supplements thereto and amendments thereof, for a charter of an intended corporation to be called MUSSELMAN—BUTLER TOWNSHIP LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, the character and object of which is the supplying of light, heat and power, or any of them by means of electricity to the public in the Township of Butler, Adams County, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships or corporations residing therein as may desire the same, and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges by the said Act of Assembly and its supplements and amendments conferred.

JOHN D. KEITH,
Solicitor.

CHINESE PARADISE ON EARTH

World Holds No Greater Boon Than Life in the Famous City of Soochow.

The Chinaman expresses his opinion of the city of Soochow by murmuring ecstatically. "Oh. that I may live to spend my last days in this paradise on earth."

Many a Chinaman apparently has had this wish come true. for the number of suicides in Soochow is exceeded only by the number of extremely wealthy and fashionable. The atmosphere of Soo seems to incite the oriental mind either to despair or to ostentatious luxury. according to the state of his finances.

Soochow streets are always thronged with women displaying the latest Chinese costumes. or out buying new ones. and with the dandies of the other sex. too. gracefully bored unless engaged in the purchase of a new coat. Besides these there are the unfortunate. who cannot enter the real paradise. which Soo offers only to the wealthy seekers of pleasure. The poor mingle in a hazy crowd as an humble background for the fashion parade.

Still another type of Soochow is the student burdened with the ambitions of wisdom. The seriousness of the Soo student is well typified in the two Pen pagodas. and the Ink pagoda. so called because a student long ago had them built as a propitiatory offering to the gods for success in examinations. The corkscrew-shaped "pens." pointed at the top. are not particularly penlike to the western eye. but the Ink pagoda is very like an odd. made-in-China inkwell. with a curling roof for a top. and its only discrepancy the numerous windows. which would prevent its serving as a writing accessory.

Navy's Great Airship Hangar.

The navy is purchasing its first rigid airship in England at a cost of $2,500,000. To house it a huge hangar is to be erected at Lakehurst. N. J., which will be 800 feet long. 265 feet wide and will have a clear inside height of 174 feet, while the total height from the ground to the peak of the roof will be over 200 feet. The steel framework will be over 6,000 tons. Two elevators and several stairways will lead to the roof. The many shops necessary for the maintenance of the airships will be built in between the great arched trusses that support the roof. Three railroad tracks will run the entire length of the building. The hangar will be large enough to hold one ship of 10,000,000 cubic feet capacity. and a smaller one at each side. or two 5,000,000 cubic feet ships side by side.—Scientific American.

Obeyed Orders.

"How is it I have such big telegraph bills?"

"You told me. sir, to use dispatch in that correspondence, so I wired all the letters."

All Have Obligations.

Every citizen has obligations in the community in which he lives. Whether a man is prominent or not he is expected to do his part in helping bring about normal conditions in this country.

Have you used Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup? It is the whole thing. Babies like it. Cures all stomach troubles.

Germany is considering a law to compel "every married couple to rear three children." They must do that, at least. Particularly healthy persons will be expected to rear nine children and will receive a bonus for every child more than three. The married lacking three children will be taxed. That's war news.—Arthur Brisbane in New York American.

BITES—STINGS
Wash the parts with warm, salt water—then apply—
VICKS VAPORUB
Keep a Little Bottle Ready in Your Home

Rev. S. G. Ziegler, 34 years of age, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Ziegler, of Hanover, was elected general secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the United Brethren Church at the general conference at Indianapolis, Ind., last week. He is pastor of St. Paul's U. B. Church, Hagerstown. His work will require a trip abroad every four years.

About Digestion.

It is claimed that only half as much food is required when it is thoroughly masticated. Digestion begins in the mouth and a thorough mastication of the food is of the greatest importance. When needed take Chamberlain's Tablets to strengthen the digestion and insure a regular movement of the bowels. People's Drug Store.

Dicks' cafe, to be located at Dicks' Dam, along the banks of the Big Conewago, will open Saturday, May 28th. Dancing will be a feature of this summer resort and regular meals will be served.

KEYSTONE HIDE CO.
S. H. LIVINGSTON, Supt.
LANCASTER, PA.
Solicit consignments of
Hides, Skins, Tallow, Furs, etc.
Any quantity. Top Market Cash Prices. Prompt returns. Write for Reliable Market Information.
LANCASTER, PA.

Mrs. Amelia Basehoar, of Littlestown, has accepted a position as forelady of the Strouse-Baer Co., who recently opened a factory in that place.

Oscar Zeigler, of New Oxford, has accepted a position in a meat store at Gettysburg.

Itch! Itch! Itch! Scratch! Scratch! Scratch! Scratch! The more you scratch, the worse the itch. Try Doan's Ointment. For eczema, any skin itching. 60c a box.

The cement mixers are laying between 700 and 800 feet per day at York Springs. The new road has been completed to that place.

Gov. Sproul has approved a bill effective July 1st. which adds a state fee of 50c to the regular fees for a marriage permit.

If you fear hot weather and bad bowels. Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup is your friend and the baby's comfort.

Five million poppies, replicas of the red flowers "that blow in Flanders fields," have arrived in America to be worn by Americans on Memorial Day in commemoration of the fallen heroes of the late war. The flowers were made by French war orphans.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man an unhappy slave. For impure blood and sluggish liver, use Burdock Blood Bitters. On the market 35 years. $1.25 a bottle.

Charles Hofe of Mt. Pleasant township was using a road drag following the heavy rains of the week when one of the horses became excited. While trying to quiet the animal it fell on him, breaking Mr. Hofe's leg in two places below the knee.

Hay Fever—Catarrh
Prompt Relief Guaranteed
SCHIFFMANN'S CATARRH BALM
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST

J. W. Hershey, of Pittsburg, will install a wireless receiving telephone at his farm near York Springs this summer. According to Mr. Hershey he will be able to receive messages with this instrument a distance of 1500 miles, can hear a band play at Pittsburg or a sermon preached by one of the ministers in that city, who has installed a sounding board and sending apparatus in his pulpit.

Harsh physics react, weaken the bowels, will lead to chronic constipation. Doan's Regulets operate easily. 30c a box at all stores.

The red spider has made its appearance in large number in Adams county this year, according to announcement from the state laboratory at Arendtsville, conducted by S. W. Frost, State College research worker. They will cause serious damage unless some spraying is done.

Treatment of Common Colds.

"If all who catch cold could be persuaded to remain in bed for the first twenty-four hours of such an attack" says a well known physician "there would be fewer cases dragging on with distressing symptoms for weeks and often ending in some more serious disease." To make sure of a prompt recovery you should also take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Whether sick or well the bowels should move each day. People's Drug Store.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Mrs. Milton Whitener, of Littlestown, has gone to Baltimore where she entered the Woman's Hospital for surgical treatment.

Accidents will happen, but the best regulated families keep Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil for such emergencies. Two sizes, 30c and 60c at all stores.

"Licorice candy" made of lampblack and a sweetening substance, and sold to the retail trade at ten cents a pound, was charged, one day this week in Chicago, with the death of one child and the poisoning of thirteen others.

ASTHMA
INSTANTLY RELIEVED WITH
ASTHMADOR
OR MONEY REFUNDED ASK ANY DRUGGIST

The York daylight saving ordinance will take effect when clocks of the city will be moved forward one hour at 2 o'clock on the morning of Sunday, June 5, to continue until the last Sunday in September.

Shoes Wear Longer

When you walk in comfort; so do stockings. A package of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to shake into the shoes, gives you that "old shoe" comfort. Allen's Foot-Ease prevents blisters, takes the sting out of corns and callouses, and makes tight or new shoes feel easy.

The Chambersburg Public Opinion, which refused to accept the 44-hour-week. demanded by the Printers' Union on May 1. came out Monday for its first issue in May. It now has an open shop and is not under union rules. It was formerly a morning paper and is now issued as an afternoon paper.

An Ideal Remedy for Constipation.

It would be hard to find a better remedy for constipation than Chamberlain's Tablets. For the best effect they should be taken immediately after supper. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect. People's Drug Store.

Miss Sarah Starner, of Goodyear, was one of the nine graduates at the Harrisburg Training School for Nurses.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff-Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Prof. C. E. Tawney, of New Oxford, has been elected teacher of mathematics in the Hanover High School at a salary of $1500.

The Facts About Rheumatism.

More than nine out of ten cases of rheumatism are either chronic or muscular rheumatism, neither of which require any internal treatment. All that is required is to massage the affected parts freely with Chamberlain's Liniment. You will be surprised at the relief which it affords. People's Drug Store.

Six head of cattle owned by G. W. Koser, of Biglerville, were sold recently at the Eastern Guernsey Breeders' Association meeting at Devon for $9,000.

Periodic Bilious Attacks.

Persons subject to bilious attacks at regular intervals know about when to expect an attack. They find that they have no desire for food when an attack is due but usually eat because it is meal time. Skip one meal and take three of Chamberlain's Tablets and you may be able to avoid the attack. Persons subject to periodic bilious attacks should not drink tea or coffee at any time. People's Drug Store.

Two young ladies of Taneytown graduated at Baltimore hospitals this spring. Miss Dorothy Chenowith Mercy Hospital, and Miss Julia R. Smith at the University of Maryland.

Burton Alleman, of Littlestown, who has been spending several weeks with his brother Irvin and sister Mrs. Robinson, at Orlando, Florida, has returned home.

An Old Reliable Remedy for Children

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children have been used by Mothers for over 30 years for feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders and Headache. They break up colds in 24 hours, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. Get a package at your druggists to use when needed.

The dollars earned and spent by the average family now will buy approximately 25 per cent more today than a year ago. Reports to the labor department show that millions have been added in the aggregate to the buying power of American families. The dollar now is worth approximately 65 cents as compared with pre-war dollar. In May a year ago when prices were highest the dollar was relatively worth about 37 cents.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

G. W. Weaver & Son **Gettysburg, Pa.**

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT STORE

A CLEARANCE SALE OF

250 SPRING COATS

Ladies, Misses and Children's Sizes

Every coat in our stock has been remarked at a lower price—than our own regular early spring prices.

The assortment for ladies and misses embraces styles and cloths for every use—Dress Coats of finest cloths—many weaves—Polo and other cloths for motor and golf use—and for general purposes—The size range is very complete but will be lessened no doubt each day.

COATS NOW **$10.00**, were $12.50 to $15.00
COATS NOW **$12.50**, were $16.50 to $17.50
COATS NOW **$15.00**, were $20.00
COATS NOW **$17.50**, were $22.50
COATS NOW **$20** and **$25**, were $25.00 and $30.00
COATS NOW **$30.00**, were $37.50 and $40.00
COATS NOW **$40**, were $50.00
COATS NOW **$50**, were $65.00 and $75.00

Coats at many other between prices.

Chilren's coats in great variety of styles and prices—very much reduced in price.

G. W. Weaver & Son

Gettysburg, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Adams County, Pa., to distribute the balance in the hands of Mary C. Caler, administratrix of the estate of Joseph A. Arentz, late of Latimore Township, Adams County Penna., deceased;

That the Auditor will sit for the performance of his duties at his office in the First National Bank Building, Gettysburg, Penna., on Thursday, the 9th day of June, 1921, at 10.30 o'clock A. M., at which time and place all parties in interest may attend if they think proper.

J. L. BUTT, Esq.,
Auditor.

Gettysburg, Pa.,
May 18, 1921.

$1.10 ROUND TRIP

Including War Tax
DECORATION DAY EXCURSION
Monday, May 30
to
Pen-Mar Park
The Blue Ridge Mountain Pleasure Resort
SPECIAL TRAIN LEAVES
Gettysburg 10.15 A. M.
Returning leaves Pen-Mar Park 7.30 P. M.
See Flyers. Consult Ticket Agt.
WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

DR. FAHRNEY
Hagerstown, Maryland
DIAGNOSTICIAN

The Dr. Fahrneys have been practicing medicine and have made a specialty of chronic diseases for over 100 years. I am working only with chronic diseases - bad kinds - difficult cases - and I diagnose your case before I treat you. If you have a trouble or weakness or deformity, write to me and I'll study your case and give satisfaction.

NOTICE.

The first and final account of Reuben Schwortz, assignee for the benefit of creditors of Charles Rudisill and wife, has been filed in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas, of Adams County, Pa., and will be confirmed on the 20th day of June, A.D., 1921, at 10.30 o'clock A. M., unless cause be shown to the contrary.

G. HARRY ROTH,
Prothonotary.

PREVENT FOREST FIRES—IT PAYS.

Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup

Relieves the pains and cures the ailments that make babies cry and fret and grow sick and weak; checks Diarrhoea; prevents Convulsions; cures Sour Stomach, Colic, Cramps and all Stomach and Bowel Ailments of babies. Safest, purest and best medicine for babies. 25 cents at drug stores. Trial bottle FREE by mail of Drs. D. Fahrney & Son, Hagerstown, Md., if you mention this paper.

KEEPS BABY FROM CRYING.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the administration accounts hereinafter entered will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams Co., Pa., for confirmation and allowance on Monday, June 20, A. D., 1921, at 10.30 o'clock A. M., of said day.

No. 164. First and final account of J. L. Williams, Esq., executor of Rose A. Guinn, late of Gettysburg borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

No. 165. First account of Henry Palmer, Herbert Bankert, Howard L. Harner, executors of the last will and testament of Israel W. Harner, late of Gettysburg borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

No. 166. First and final account of Ettie M. Eckenrode, administratrix of estate of C. H. Eckenrode, late of Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

No. 167. First and final account of William W. Resser, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of the estate of Jacob Resser, late of East Berlin borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

No. 168. First and final account of Peter C. Stock, executor of the will of Elizabeth Weirick, late of Gettysburg borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

No. 169. First and final account of Citizens' Trust Co., guardian of Catherine Kreigh, a minor child of Samuel A. Hollinger, late of Liberty township, Adams cuonty, Pa., deceased.

No. 170. First and final account of Wm. Eyster, administrator of estate of Harriet L. Eyster, late of Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

No. 171. First and final account of John Bosserman, administrator of estate of David B. Bosserman, late of East Berlin borough, Adams Co., pa., deceased.

No. 172. First and final account of Amanda E. Grimm, executrix of the will of Joseph Grimm, late of Berwick township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

No. 173. First and final account of E. E., G. W. and B. H. Baldwin, administrators of estate of Joseph Baldwin, late of Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

No. 172. First and final account of Benjamin F. Weaver, administrator of the estate of Amanda Overholtzer, late of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

No. 175. First and final account of E. C. Keefer, administrator of the estate of Harry C. Smith, late of Latimore township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

H. E. SMILEY,
Register of Wills.

HERSHEY'S STOCK SALE OF CATTLE AND HOGS.

On Thursday, June 2nd, 1921.

On the Hershey Farm, at McKnightstown, Pa., 5 miles west of Gettysburg, on the Lincoln Highway.

FORTY HEAD OF CATTLE.

25 cows, fresh and close springers, and a few fall cows. The rest are heifers, bulls and fat steers. Shorthorns, Holstein and Guernsey. These cattle have the color and show breeding.

TWENTY-FIVE HOGS,

Sows, Boars, and Stock Shoats. Some of them are pure bred Poland China.

Sale to begin at 1 P. M. For further information write or phone. (Both phones).

C. A. HERSHEY,
McKnightstown, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John J. Rhodes, deceased.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John J. Rhodes, late of Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WALTER RHODES,
Executor,
Fairfield, Pa.

Or his Atty.,
Wm. Arch. McClean,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Unknown Until Tested.

Some folks are capable of almost infinite possibilities. But the trouble is these possibilities lie too deep to be used in ordinary life. They respond only to the call of the exceptional. The challenge that crushes ordinary mortals puts them in touch with their life work. Washington might have lived and died a community gentleman had he not been drafted by circumstances to lead a great people to freedom and cement together the elements that have made this a great nation. The name of Lincoln was bound to become known but it was the circumstances of a great cause that have made him the byword for every American youth. And it often happens that natures that are hard to arouse are capable of the greatest effort when once fired with a definite purpose. There's no telling what is in man until you have put him to the test. And only tested men are fit for the highest service.

Lost—A Private Secretary

By FREDERICK HART

(©, 1921, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"Mr. Collins!" The name was a command—a roar from the inner office, where Hezekiah Hawkins, senior partner of the firm of Hawkins & Doolittle, engineers, held solitary sway.

"Yes, sir—right here!" The young man who spoke these words was pleasing to look upon. He was tall and slender, with light hair and a mouth that seemed forever to be about to twist itself into a grin. But there was no grin on his face as he hurried toward the sanctum of his chief. "Old Man Hawkins," as the outer office called him, was in one of his tantrums, and woe betide the employee who would keep him waiting! Collins, the private secretary, betook himself to the office with all haste.

Hawkins glared at him as he entered, but could find no immediate reason to rage, so he merely rasped out, "Sit down!" and jerked a letter from a pile that lay before him.

"These fresh railroad people are raising the dickens with us on rates, Collins," he growled. "This is the second letter I've had from them. Now we want the bridge job and we're going to get it—but it'll be on our own terms, and not on—ouch! Holy ginger!"

"What's the matter, Mr. Hawkins?" Collins was jolted out of his usual attitude of patient listening. Mr. Hawkins pounded on the desk and raved aloud.

"Gout's the matter! Don't stand there grinning like an idiot! Do something!"

But Edward Collins could think of nothing to do, and as a result he became the recipient of a storm of rage that made all the other storms he had weathered pale into insignificance. At last Hawkins, breathless, ordered him out of the room, called for his car, and went home.

The next day Collins received a memo from his employer that caused

"My Foot's the Matter! It Hurts! It Hurts!"

him to pull a very long face. The stenographer asked him what was the trouble.

"Trouble! Plenty of it! The old man's laid up with that gout of his and I've got to go out to his country place and help him with his work. Holy smoke! That's a pleasant prospect!"

The stenographer sympathized with him. "You'll have your head bitten off about thirty times a day," she said. "I don't see why you stay with him—why any of us stay with him, for that matter."

Collins let his grin spread. "We stay because he's the best and squarest boss in New York, and we know it. Let him howl and tear and cuss us out all he wants to—we know we'll get a square deal."

"You're right," agreed the stenographer, nodding a blonde head. "But just the same, I don't envy you!"

Edward Collins arrived at the Pines, his employer's country place, that same evening in time for dinner. He dressed—they specified dinner coats at table—and reflected that it might be worse. He had a nice room and was not treated as a servant. As he descended the stairs he looked for Mr. Hawkins, but did not see him. Instead there swam into the field of his vision the loveliest thing he had ever laid eyes on—a girl about his own age, in a shimmering evening gown that made her look like a fairy in a misty cloud. He could only stare as she came toward him.

"I'm Miss Hawkins—Evangeline Hawkins," she explained amused at his look of surprise. "Dad won't be down to dinner—and he won't want you till tomorrow morning. Poor dad!" she added. "His foot hurts him so, and I'm afraid he'll make it awfully uncomfortable for you."

Collins grinned. (Did I say that he had a most attractive grin?) "Oh, I'm rather used to it, Miss Hawkins. And I'm genuinely sorry he's ill. You see things at the office——" and he launched into a detailed account that took him half through dinner. Suddenly he remembered. "I'm afraid I've bored you awfully!" he exclaimed contritely.

"No, indeed—I'm awfully interested. Do tell me some more." And Collins did.

Three weeks later the situation was unchanged. That is, it was unchanged as far as Mr. Hawkins' gout was concerned, but there was a decided change in the affairs of Edward Collins.

Formerly he had spent his evenings reading or wandering over the grounds alone; but now he seemed to haunt certain spots. It was a peculiar fact that Miss Evangeline Hawkins was nearly always near those spots. He was also given to mooning about, and Mr. Hawkins found some cause for complaint in inattention. It might have been noticed, in addition, that he cherished a withered rose in a drawer of his dresser. This rose had been worn by Miss Evangeline Hawkins at a small dance given at the house one week-end. She had dropped it and he had picked it up. All these signs, of course, mean nothing in particular.

And then one day he lost his notebook and Miss Evangeline Hawkins found it.

An hour after he had discovered his loss he came upon her in a little summer house in the garden. She was reading something—his notebook! With a sign of relief he approached. She rose, and smiled at him—a little uncertainly. "Here's your book," she said.

"Thank you!" He was relieved that she had found it.

"What neat shorthand you make!" she said.

He blushed crimson. "I—I've had a good deal of practice."

"Did you know," she said idly, "I went to a school once and learned stenography? I thought I'd be useful. I can still read it."

The red in his face deepened.

"Let me read some of yours—I've been looking it over and I can read it very well." She was turning the pages as she spoke. He became conscious of a wild desire to grab the book from her hands and flee; but he remained rooted to the spot.

"Here," she said. "'Dear Sir—Your letter of the 15th received—I love her. In reply would say that—she is the sweetest girl in the world. We are unable to make any other terms than those stated in our last communication—Of course, I have no chance, but maybe——'"

He found his voice. "Please, Miss Hawkins, don't torment me. I shouldn't have done it. I know—I haven't any right—but I couldn't help it—won't you give me the book——"

She handed him the book, and he left her without a word.

That night as he prepared for bed he glanced once more over the pages where, in neat curves and angles, were the damning words that had made him hopeless for all time. He stared at them dully as he read sentence after sentence. Hawkins's terse business English interspersed with the thought of his own—as he thought—secret heart. And then his heart gave a bound and began beating madly; for at the bottom of a page, in characters quite unlike his own, a new line had been scrawled. He translated it breathlessly.

"Why say you have no chance? You never asked me!"

"So you've been making love to my daughter behind my back, eh?" Old Man Hawkins glared at his blushing secretary.

"Well, sir—she—didn't seem to mind."

"Oh, she didn't! Well, how do you know I won't?"

The baited Collins could only gulp and stammer. But into the room burst Miss Evangeline Hawkins, all radiant and happy and overwhelming.

"Daddy, you're not to pretend that you're angry when you're not. You know you told me——"

"Hush up!" roared Old Man Hawkinds. But the mischief was done. Collins turned on him. "Do you mean to tell me that you've been scaring me to death all this time for nothing? I'll never be afraid of you again!"

"There it is! Run along, children, run along. You've found me out, and I've lost the best private secretary I ever had, but—I seem to have gained an excellent son-in-law."

AMERICA'S ENTRY INTO WAR

First Gun in Late Great Conflict Said to Have Been Fired From Steamer Mongolia.

Captain Rice of the American steamship Mongolia of the Atlantic Transport line, which arrived at Liverpool on April 25, 1917, reported that the first gun of the war was fired from his vessel off the coast of Ireland, on April 19. The gun was trained on the periscope of a submarine which was sighted dead ahead on the last afternoon of the voyage.

The captain gave the order for full speed ahead with the intention of ramming the submarine which, however, disappeared, but a few minutes later appeared on the vessel's broadside. The gunners fired at 1,000 yards and immediately the submarine disappeared and oil was seen on the water when it submerged. Later it was reported that the periscope was smashed and the commander was killed, but that the submarine was not sunk. Whether or not this is the case is not known.

More Than Likely.

"It wouldn't be too bad."

"What wouldn't?"

"If rug beating could be done with a golf swing. A fellow might be willing to practice his stroke that way." Detroit Free Press.

Uncle Walt's Story

GOOD OLD TIMES

"PROF. WINDYSPIEL delivered a fine lecture last evening," said Mrs. Jamesworthy. "He held up to scorn the pessimist who says the world isn't getting better, and described conditions as they were a hundred years ago. Then people traveled on foot or on horseback, and a short journey was a serious matter; there were no telephones, no electric lights, and none of the conveniences we are used to."

"It is true there were no alleged conveniences in those days," replied Jamesworthy, "and for that reason I think the old times were better than the present. I only wish the old conditions could be restored. A hundred years ago the married man had no reason to dread the poorhouse. It was practically impossible for women to be extravagant then. If they wanted to blow themselves they had to go to town, and in order to get to town they had to ride in old coaches which weren't as comfortable as a modern hayrack.

"The woman of a hundred years ago couldn't lean back in an easy chair and order a hundred dollars' worth of junk by phone. If she ordered by letter, it took the letter three weeks to get anywhere, and by the time the goods arrived they were out of date, and she had to send them back. It would be a great blessing if things were that way now.

"But the modern married woman has the softest snap ever invented, Mrs. Jamesworthy. If she happens to be too lazy to put on her brass-mounted harness and go downtown to do her shopping, she has that great modern convenience at her elbow. It isn't necessary to make herself presentable to do her shopping. She sits down with an old wrapper on, and her topknot askew, and her mouth full of hairpins, and calls up the butcher and baker and candlestick maker, and orders everything they have in their joints, and has it charged to her husband.

"As your sway-backed professor said, a short journey was a serious business in the old days, and as a result people stayed home and attended to their knitting. If a woman journeyed nine miles in one of the old-time coaches she had a backache for three weeks, and so the idea of going away from home didn't fill her with enthusiasm. But nowadays traveling is a luxury. All a woman has to do is to hold up her husband for the fare, and then the urbane railway people do the rest, and make everything so comfortable for her that she hates the idea of ever returning home. And because of this luxury, women are forever hunting up excuses for a trip somewhere. Kersmith told me the other day that his wife traveled three hundred miles and back to match a ribbon, the local stores not having the exact shade she wanted. Kersmith is just about three cubits ahead of the sheriff, and his wife knows it, but she wouldn't let a small matter like that interfere with her trip.

"In the halcyon days people used to tallow candles and were all the better for it. There was no satisfaction in reading by a candle, so men didn't blow in their substance for fool books and magazines. The candles kicked up such a smell that they were extinguished as early as possible, and so no money was wasted. Now we have the electric light, which is a great convenience. It is such a thundering convenience, Mrs. Jamesworthy, that it is greasing the road to the poorhouse for innumerable heartsick husbands. The average citizen finds it impossible to convince his wife and daughters and other female relatives that the electric juice costs money, and so his home is illuminated from basement to garret every night. Few women remember to turn off the light after having it turned on. If I drop dead of heart failure one of these days, it will be when looking over the electric light bill. In the old days—"

"Oh, bother the old days, and the young days, and the middle-aged days!" cried Mrs. Jamesworthy.

That Depends.

"You know, my dear fellow, we really gain by our trials in life."

"That depends on the kind of lawyer you employ."

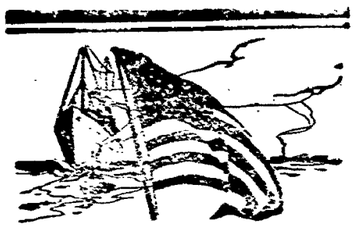
He Started Early.

Mozart began composing at an earlier age than anybody else on record. At four he was exhibited as an infant prodigy, and at five he composed concertos. When he was eleven he wrote an opera bouffe.

Co-ed at the Start.

Of the three oldest universities in western Europe—Salerno, Bologna and Paris—two were open from the first to women. Those were Salerno and Bologna.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®



Ship and Sail under the Stars and Stripes to all parts of the world

SHIPS with the Stars and Stripes blowing from their masts are once more sailing the seven seas. They are, by the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, ". . . ultimately to be owned and operated privately by citizens of the United States."

They are American ships, carrying passengers and, as President Harding has said, ". . . carrying our cargoes in American bottoms to the marts of the world." Keep our splendid ships on the seven seas under the Stars and Stripes by sailing and shipping on them.

Free use of Shipping Board films

Use of Shipping Board motion picture films, four reels, free on request of any mayor, pastor, postmaster, or organization.

SHIPS FOR SALE
(To American citizens only)

Steel steamers both oil and coal burners. Also wood steamers wood hulls and ocean-going tugs. Further information may be obtained by request

For sailings *of passenger and freight ships to all parts of the world and all other information write to*

U. S. Shipping Board
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Prevent Forest Fires—It Pays

Fifty board feet of lumber will make a coffin. Penn's Woods are producing about 50 board feet a year for every person in the State. Our forests supply wood enough to bury our people but not enough to keep them alive. It takes more than 250 board feet to do that.

So said Governor Sproul at the recent conference of wood-using industries, called by him to consider the coming scarcity of timber, how it will affect the business men of Pennsylvania, and what can be done about it. The conference aroused unusual interest among the representatives of leading business concerns who attended, and it was voted unanimously to hold another in 1922.

The conference asserted that wood is the most generally used of all materials; that Pennsylvania is now deforested and unable to supply more than one-fifth of the lumber without which her people cannot do business; that an ample supply of wood is essential not only to the prosperity but to the very existence of agriculture, industry, transportation, and business in all its branches; and that the sources of lumber in States upon which Pennsylvania now depends are on the verge of exhaustion.

Thirty-three States containing three-fourths of our people and producing nine-tenths of the manufactured products of America are already dependent on supplies from outside their own borders. Pennsylvania is one of them. The time is almost here when Pennsylvania dealers can get the lumber directly or indirectly necessary for your business only by bringing it 3,000 miles.

Already cross ties for Philadelphia street railways and mine props for the anthracite field are being imported from the Pacific Coast. It takes just about double the amount of wood produced in the whole State of Pennsylvania to supply timber for its anthracite mines alone.

About one-quarter of all the lumber consumed in this Commonwealth goes into boxes, crates, and other packages—more than for any other use except building construction. Each adult in the State uses yearly about double his or her weight of paper and paper is a product of the forest.

Every man at the conference was convinced that not a single business in Pennsylvania could be conducted for twenty-four hours without the help of the forest. Nothing can be produced, manufactured, advertised, transported, or delivered without wood. Not an employee could eat a meal, sleep in a room, wear a suit of clothes, or do a day's work without wood. Without supplies from the forest every business in the State would have to stop.

An alarming scarcity of wood is clearly in sight, and burning the woods is the reason. Forest fires have reduced one-sixth of the area of our State to worthless barrens. Because of forest fires our business men are confronted with acute shortage of a material without which they cannot get along. Yet Pennsylvania has land enough good for nothing but to grow trees to make us self-supporting in wood if fires are kept out. To do so is an absolute and most pressing necessity.

The Department of Forestry has undertaken to call the attention of the business men of Pennsylvania to this threat against their own prosperity and the welfare of the whole State. We must put an end to this forest fire embargo on timber production, for to do so is only business common sense.

NEEDED COURSE IN WISDOM

In Ancient Days It Was Well Recognized That the Young Required Proper Instruction.

Instruction of the young by the old was not out of date when "The Wisdom Books" were written, according to Dr. Josiah H. Penniman, acting provost of the University of Pennsylvania.

"The people who wrote the Bible were very human," declared Doctor Penniman, and he illustrated this with many passages from the Scriptures.

"The book of wisdom told the people what to do, and most of the people needed it," Doctor Penniman said. "There were just as many wise as foolish virgins—and probably the average has been maintained."

Among Doctor Penniman's other sayings were the following:

"They offered money to Job when they knew he did not need it."

"Be sure your sin will find you out," he quoted, and then added, "You know perfectly well a lot of your sins will find you out."

"The tongue has always been one of the greatest mischief makers, as witness 'where there is no whisperer contention ceases.'"

"I need not explain 'he that winketh with the eye findeth sorrow.'"

"Sob stuff was apparently used in olden days, for Delilah said to Samson, 'Thou hast told a riddle unto thy neighbors, but not unto me.'"

"'What does he get for it?' was asked of Job as it is today of those who get into the public view."

Doctor Penniman declared Job was the most artistic of the Wisdom books, and in some respects of all the books of the Bible.

WAS CENTER OF INTEREST

Student Quite Unwittingly Furnished Amusement for a Large Number of People.

While I was a student in college I think I amused the largest number of people it was ever my fortune to entertain at one and the same time. I know I came nearer to wishing to vanish off the face of the earth at that moment than ever before or since.

The morning schedule in this college consisted of four periods for recitations with five minute periods of intermission between classes. All classes were dismissed and summoned from and to classrooms at the same time by a small bell operated exactly like the ordinary doorbell. This bell was installed in the entrance hall of the building—where most of the students congregated during intermissions.

For the convenience of the students a telephone was likewise placed in this hall. One morning the usual crowd of students was gathered in the hall, waiting for the signal to call them back into classes. When it came, mistaking it for a telephone call, I hastily picked up the receiver and called "Hello." No answer—so I repeated my "Hello" louder.

By this time I had the attention of most of the students—they stopped their chattering and were intent on watching me wake up. It was a rude awakening.—Exchange.

With Remarks From the General.

While I was a lieutenant in the army at a western training camp we had a parade and divisional review before a well-known general, and I invited some girls to see it. We were marching along in a column of fours with another company on each side of us. We were to keep on this way until we got in front of the general, when we were to turn left and go forward, the command to be "Squads left." I must have been excited, for I shouted "Squads right," and, like good soldiers, my company obeyed. There was great confusion, of course. The general saw it all and sent an orderly to get me. When I confronted him I received some cutting censure. During the most heated part of his lecture I saw my friends standing at the fence not five feet away, taking it all in.—Chicago Tribune.

Bismarck's Unique Park.

Bismarck, the capital of North Dakota, is to be congratulated upon its plans for the construction of a historical park, adjacent to the statehouse. It is proposed to employ 15 acres, a feature being a replica of a Mandan Indian village of pioneer days, with other appropriate historical elements. This is an exceedingly commendable idea and its originator is to be felicitated upon it. In various museums Indian relics are preserved, but nothing is recalled which is comparable to the village symposium carried out as proposed.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Fads Hygienic Necessity.

As Walter Dill Scott suggests, every business youth, on beginning his or her business life, should adopt an avocation, a fad, some outside interest, only less absorbing than his business, and should continuously cultivate it as a foil, a rest, a saving grace to his business. Provided this fad or unbusinesslike interest be one not too narrow and one not too difficult and fatiguing, the recipe is fundamentally an important one for this matter of business hours as well as for personal hygiene in general.—G. V. N. Dearborn, M. D., in the Scientific American Monthly.

The First Thing.

"Started your garden yet?"

"No. Haven't located the neighbors who own the tools I'll want to borrow."—Detroit Free Press.

CAPTAIN ROSENBLUTH

Implicated in Maj. Alexander Cronkhite's Case

Capt. Robert Rosenbluth, U. S. A., was held for $25,000 bail on the charge of killing Maj. Alexander Cronkhite, U. S. A. Major Cronkhite met death by a bullet while practicing with his pistol. The case was reported an accident. Later Sergeant Roland P. Pothier was arrested and confessed, according to military authorities, that he shot the major. He later implicated Captain Rosenbluth.

NEW TURN IN FIGHT TO CONTROL EUROPE

Briand Won't Agree to Supreme Council Meeting Till He Gets Chamber's Backing.

Paris.—The Silesian episode has brought out more clearly than anything since the war that there is a real diplomatic battle on between England and France for domination in Europe. France's plan calls for real use of Poland in holding Germany down, and therefore she does not care how much of the Silesian mineral wealth Poland gets. Without going into details, England's plans are not the same.

Of course both contend they stand on the treaty, but that does not mean much, because the treaty says the line shall be drawn with regard to a vote of the population and with regard to economic conditions. Like so many other things in the treaty, that can mean anything.

The heads of the British and French Governments, with the aid of trusty journalists, hurl polemics at each other like naughty boys on opposite sides of the fence. But they really do not mean half they say, and as soon as they get out of sight of their public and in the conference room they can get together easily. And so it appears that the best thing that can happen in the Upper Silesian tangle is for Premiers Briand and Lloyd George to have another conference and decide again that neither Paris nor London is running Europe, but that Paris and London had better try to beat the devil, who now appears to have the upper hand in certain quarters.

In the meanwhile the French Chamber debate has opened. Before it is over M. Briand will restate his views on Upper Silesia, the Chamber will vote its approval, and soon there will be a conference to draw a line.

WORLD NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

NEW YORK.—J. P. Morgan & Co. announced that the French government has authorized it to issue in the United States $100,000,000 of French twenty-year external loan 7½ per cent bonds.

BINGHAMTON.—Geo. Kamminsky of Union has retained an attorney to begin a suit against the United States government for putting his name on the slacker list.

CHICAGO.—The breakdown of prohibition enforcement throughout the country is imminent as a result of the laying off of 700 dry agents until July first.

BERLIN.—The "iron Hindenburg," the great wooden statue of the Field Marshal erected during the war at the end of Berlin's Avenue of Victory, is offered for sale as firewood.

ATHENS.—Eleutheros Tipos says it learns from Constantinople that a mutiny has broken out in Angora, seat of the Turkish Nationalist Government, and that fighting has occurred among the Nationalist soldiers.

TOKYO.—Japan is to evacuate Siberia and restore Shantung to China "at the earliest possible moment."

GUAYAQUIL, ECUADOR. — Seven American submarines are visiting here.

DUBLIN.—"Disregard all peace rumors and get on with the war." This message was circulated among the officers and men of the Irish Republican Army by the General Headquarters.

BERLIN.—A dispatch to the Tagliche Rundschau from Munich says the Bavarian Government has no alternative but compliance with the demand of the allies for the disintegration of the armed forces and will make no difficulty concerning disarmament.

BOSTON.—The Massachusetts senate passed bill for censorship of the movies.

Pay of W. M. R. R. Men Reduced

Seventeen thousand or more employes of both the Baltimore and Ohio and Western Maryland Railroads will be affected by the wage reduction, which the United States Labor Board announces it will make public on June 1.

No intimation is given as to the extent of the cut, and until this is known, the management of the two companies cannot figure what they will save as the result of the new wage scale to be put into effect. The Labor Board in its announcement makes no mention of the probable reduction. As a matter of fact it explained that this is a matter which has not been fully determined.

Under normal conditions, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad carries on its payrolls between 12,000 and 15, unskilled employes, while the total number employed by the Western Maryland is around 2,000. By unskilled labor, the carriers mean trackmen, as well as those employed around freight stations, baggage handers, and others whose work does not require any special skill.

William Penn.

In 1644 on Oct. 14 William Penn, founder of Pennsylvania, was born in London. He was the son of Admiral Sir William Penn. At the age of thirty-eight he came to America and settled in Philadelphia. He was a Quaker and his humanitarian and peaceful policies were strikingly shown in his dealings with the Indians. Of all the white settlers, Penn was the only one with whom they kept faith. The Indians trusted him completely and no treaty made with them by Penn was ever broken. The Indians, it is said, never attacked one of Penn's Quaker followers. William Penn spent but a short time in America, a trifle more than four years in all, broken by a return to England. In 1701 he returned to England, where he remained until his death at Ruscombe, Berkshire county.

Mineral Wealth of Persia.

Persia bids fair to become one of the richest mining countries in the world, according to the London Times, which says its mineral wealth is almost inestimable, but as yet scarcely touched. In addition to oil fields already tapped, there are others awaiting exploitation. There is much gold, lead, silver, copper and coal.

The difficulty hitherto has been with transportation, it being necessary to carry ore several hundred miles over the mountains on the back of camels or mules, which eat up the profit. A very good start has, however, been made on building railroads and, as the roads are suitable for heavy motor traffic, it ought to be easy to install mining and other machinery.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Auditor by the Orphans Court of Adams County, Penna., to distribute the balance in the hands of Mary C. Caler, administratrix of the estate of Daniel Caler, late of Latimore Township, Adams County, Penna., deceased;

That the Auditor will sit for the performance of his duties at his office in the First National Bank Building, Gettysburg, Penna., on Thursday, the 9th day of June, 1921, at 10.30 o'clock A. M., at which time and place all parties in interest may attend if they think proper.

J. L. BUTT, Esq.,
Auditor.

Gettysburg, Pa.,
May 18th, 1921.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of William G. Lawrence, deceased.—Letters of administration on the estate of William G. Lawrence, late of Conewago township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in McSherrystown, Pa., he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

F. V. TOPPER,
Administrator,
McSherrystown, Pa.

Or his Atty.,
R. F. Topper,
Gettysburg, Pa.

RENEWED TESTIMONY.

No one in Gettysburg who suffers backache, headaches or distressing urinary ills can afford to ignore this Gettysburg woman's twice-told story. It is confirmed testimony that no Gettysburg resident can doubt.

Mrs. D. F. Arendt, R. R. St., gave the following statement February 14, 1916: "Doan's Kidney Pills have always given me the most excellent results. I was suffering from backache and dizzy headaches and my kidneys were much too free in action. I felt all worn out in the morning. Hearing of Doan's Kidney Pills I purchased some at the People's Drug Store and they gave me relief at once and have always given me such fine benefit that I keep them on hand to use in case of need."

On April 11, 1921, Mrs. Arendt said: "I don't have any kidney trouble at all any more and I attribute my cure to Doan's Kidney Pills. I think even more highly of Doan's than I did in 1916, because the cure they brought about has been a lasting one."

60c at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The annual election for a President and seven Managers for the Evergreen Cemetery Association will be held on Monday evening, June 6, in the Arbitration Room at the Court House at 7.00 o'clock. The lot holders are requested to attend.

J. W. KENDLEHART,
Secretary and Treasurer.

LUCKY STRIKE

Cigarette

To seal in the delicious Burley tobacco flavor.

It's Toasted

$50,000

Borough of Gettysburg, Penna., Five and one-half per cent. Improvement Bonds.

Series E. $35,000 Vote of Electors.
Series F. $15,000.

Sealed bids will be received by the undersigned until 7.30 o'clock P. M. on June 1st, 1921, for the sale of Series E. $35,000 and Series F. $15,000 municipal improvement bonds, in denominations of five hundred Dollars each, bearing interest at five and one-half per cent. per annum, payable January 1st and July 1st at the office of the Borough Treasurer.

Said bonds to mature serially in each issue for a period of 18 years, Series E. $500 for each first three years, $1500 for each next four years $2000 for each next four years, $2500 each next three years and $3000 each next four years; Series F. $500 each first six years, and $1000 each next 12 years, and are registered as to principal in the office of the Borough Treasurer, and dated as of July 1st, 1921, free of Penna. taxes.

The successful bidder is required to have the bonds printed or lithographed at his own expense.

A certified check for 2 per cent. of the amount of bonds bid for is required. Bids will be opened in Council Chamber 7.30 P. M. June 1st, 1921. Right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Frank A. Peckman,
C. J. Toot,
Frank Althoff,
Finance Committee Borough of Gettysburg, Penna.

BANK STATEMENT.

Charter No. 7917. Reserve District No. 3.
Report of condition of the Biglerville National Bank at Biglerville in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business on April 28, 1921.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts.* Total loans		423,045.23
Overdrafts unsecured		75.68
U. S. Government securities owned:		
Deposited to secure circulation, (U. S. bonds par value) $50,000.00		
Owned and unpledged	9,100.00	
Total U. S. Government securities		59,100.00
Other bonds securities, stock		37,182.50
Banking House	1,000.00	
Furniture & Fixtures	2,500.00	3500.00
Value of banking house owned and unincumbered		1,500.00
Furniture and fixtures		3,500.00
Cash in vault		9,746.20
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		16,673.74
Net amounts due from National Banks		6,025.64
Checks on banks located outside of town of reporting bank and other cash items		55.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500.00
Other assets		3,500.00
Total		$584,870.09

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund		90,000.00
Undivided Profits	17,878.87	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	7,864.81	9,515.06
Circulating notes outstanding		47,500.00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		601.01
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Individual deposits subject to check		1,482.15
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days or subject to 30 days or more notice and postal savings):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		308,822.20
Other time deposits		3,567.88
Total		$584,870.09

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS.:

I, R. B. THOMPSON, Cashier of the above named bank do solemly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. B. THOMPSON,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of May, 1921.

GEO. E. SLAYBAUGH, N. P.
Commission expires May 5, 1922.

Correct attest:
ELI P. GARRETSON
GEO. W. WAGNER
FREDERIC E. GRIEST
Directors.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

In re: Estate of Amos Bream, late of Huntington township, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the above styled estate have been duly granted by the Register of Wills of Adams County unto the undersigned, and all persons having claims or demands thereagainst are requested to promptly make the same known to and all persons indebted thereto make payment unto

MRS. LINNIE BUSHEY,
Aspers, Pa.
MRS. HATTIE MILLER,
York Springs, Pa.
WM. ARCH. McCLEAN,
Gettysburg, Pa.
Administrators.

WANTED—Clean White Rags at Compiler Office.

BANK STATEMENT.

Charter No. 611. Reserve District No. 3.
Report of condition of the Gettysburg National Bank at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business on April 28, 1921.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts.* Total loans		922,446.06
Overdrafts unsecured		357.39
U. S. Government securities owned:		
Deposited to secure circulation. (U. S. Bonds par value)	$145,000.00	
Owned and unpledged	154,550.00	
Total U. S. Government securities		299,550.00
Other Bonds, stocks, securities, etc.		335,348.36
Banking House,	46,500.00	
Furniture & fixtures	8,500.00	55,000.00
Cash in vault		14,645.40
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		51,277.22
Net amounts due from National Banks,		23,727.74
Checks on other banks in the same town as reporting Bank		499.13
Checks on banks located outside of town of reporting bank and other cash items		673.81
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		7,250.00
Total		1,710,775.73

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 145,150.00
Surplus Fund		145,150.00
Undivided profits	47,878.44	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	29,760.31	18,118.13
Circulating notes outstanding		141,000.00
Certified checks outstanding		130.70
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		4,738.64
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Individual deposits subject to check		295,181.02
Dividends unpaid		32.50
Time deposits subject to Reserve: (Payable after 30 days or subject to 30 days or more notice, postal savings):		
Certificates of deposit other than for money borrowed)		896,274.73
Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank		65,000.00
Total		1,710,775.73

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS.

I, I. L. TAYLOR, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

I. L. TAYLOR, Cashier.

Correct attest:
C. W. JOHNSON
E. P. MILLER
C. WM. BEALES
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of May, 1921.

WILLIAM L. MEALS,
Notary Public.

My commission expires March 25, 1926.

BANK STATEMENT.

Charter No. 9139 Reserve District No. 3.
Report of the condition of the National Bank of Arendtsville at Arendtsville, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28, 1921.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts including rediscounts.* Total loans		$158,263.26
Overdrafts, unsecured		49.04
U. S. Government securieies owned:		
Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. Bonds par value $25,000.00		
Owned and unpledged	37,558.20	
Total U. S. Government securities		62,558.20
Other Bonds, stocks, securities, etc.		36,773.88
Banking house	$3,859.36	
Furniture & fixtures	2,491.14	6,361.50
Cash in vault		3,598.16
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		11,639.98
Net amounts due from National Banks		28,286.47
Checks on banks located outside of town of reporting bank and other cash items		706.64
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,250.00
Total		$324,379.13

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund		25,000.00
Undivided profits	8,138.30	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	4,502.72	3,635.58
Circulating notes outstanding		23,000.00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		6,249.01
Demand deposits(other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Individual deposits subject to check		74,975.69
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days or more notice and postal savings):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed		166,718.85
Total		324,379.13

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS.:

I, S. A. SKINNER, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. A. SKINNER, Cashier.

Correct attest:
JAMES C. COLE
DAVID T. KOSER
W. E. WOLFF
Directors.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 28th day of February, 1921.
this 4th day of May, 1921.

P. S. ORNER, N. P.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David W. Lawrence, deceased.—Letters of administration on the estate of David W. Lawrence late of Oxford township, Adams Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in McSherrystown, Pa., he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

F. V. TOPPER,
Administrator,
McSherrystown, Pa.

Or his Attys.,
J. L. Williams, Esq.,
R. F. Topper, Esq.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

NOTICE
AMENDMENT TO CHARTER.

In the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Adams.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to said Court on the 16th day of May, 1921, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to Provide for the incorporation and Regulation of certain corporations" approved the 29th day of April, 1874, for the approval of a certain amendment to the Charter of the THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY OF THE GENERAL SYNOD OF THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES; to wit, extending the purposes of the incorporation of the said Seminary to contributing Synods of the United Lutheran Church in America, as set forth in the petition for the allowance of said amendment filed in said Court.

WM. ARCH McCLEAN, Esq.
Solicitor.

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